

BROAD ENOUGH

To Take in All Who Have the Country's Interests at Heart.

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN LEAGUE

Called to Meet at Denver on the Twenty-sixth of June.

APPOINTMENT OF DELEGATES.

The Call for the Convention Rings With Patriotic Sentiments and Includes All Who Are in Sympathy With the Struggle for Liberty, Progress, Fair Wages, the Dignity of Labor, Honest Money, Protection of Industry, and All That American Promises--The Convention Will Be Composed of Two Thousand Delegates.

CHICAGO, March 11.--The official call for the annual convention of the National Republican League will be issued from the national headquarters in this city to-morrow. The convention will be held in Denver, June 26, and will continue several days. The date had been originally set for May, but the Denver people desired that it be postponed until the latter part of June in order that it might conclude its sessions about the Fourth of July to allow the delegates to join in a monster celebration of the nation's birthday.

The ratio of representation will be six delegates at large from each state and territory and four from each congressional district and one from each college Republican club in the United States. The following are ex-officio delegates: The president, secretary and treasurer of the National League; one vice president and one executive member of the national organization from each state and the president and secretary from each state league, making four ex-officio delegates from each state. This gives each state practically ten delegates at large in addition to the four from each congressional district. The total representation will exceed two thousand delegates.

THE CALL.

The call reads in part as follows: "Dazzled by the glittering promises of Democracy, and led astray by sophistry and hypocrisy, the voters of the country in 1892, decided upon a change of national administration. Democratic control and sectional rule are again complete in the national government and starvation for labor and ruin for capital prevail as a result of the policies and influences that dominate the Democratic party.

"The hallucinations of 1892 are over. Facts have upset theories and the people weary of this tariff tinkering, bond-issuing, debt-increasing, treasury-depleting, business-paralyzing, wage-reducing, queen-restoring and un-American administration, now turn instinctively to the party that saved the nation in a previous hour of peril, and demonstrated masterly ability in giving the United States thirty years of prosperity, unparalleled in the history of nations.

"Again it becomes the mission and duty of the grand old party to meet a national emergency with the highest patriotism. The party deprecates the necessity, but rises to the occasion. The struggle for liberty, progress, fair wages and all that America promises, did not end with the defeat of 1892. The fight must and will go on.

A BROAD INVITATION.

"To this end, the national committee of the league cordially invites all patriotic citizens:

"Who believe that the humane, industrial and progressive American policy of the Republican party is best for the protection of 'life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness' for the American people.

"Who believe in honest elections as the bulwark of our institutions and the right of every voter to cast one vote and have it fairly counted.

"Who believe in the dignity of free labor and the faithful maintenance of the difference between American and European wages.

"Who believe in the established policy of protection to American industry and to American workmen and in the Republican policy of reciprocity.

"Who believe in the fullest protection of all property and all forms of invested interests, and yet who are opposed to corporation rule in the government of either nation or state.

"Who gratefully remember the union soldier in his hour of need as well as in the day of his sacrifice and service.

"Who believe in sound money and the use of both gold and silver as standard money, and that the purchasing and debt paying power of the dollar, whether of silver, gold or paper shall be at all times equal, as pledged in the national Republican platform at Minnesota.

"Who believe in practical civil service reform, such as will separate the spoils idea from politics and yet preserve the people in control of all public offices and all public affairs.

"Who believe in liberal and broad-minded policies, and in the assertion of American ideas in all American affairs.

"And all who are in sympathy with the policies and aspirations of the Republican party are cordially invited to join the league clubs, and through such clubs and the state leagues participate in the election of delegates to the National League convention at Denver.

"The League chooses to open the new contest with this convention held on the slopes of the Rocky Mountains, and invites the Republicans of the United States to assemble in this great, undeveloped, resourceful, western country and renew their fealty to the party for the preservation of past achievements and organize for greater victories in the future, in response to the public demand for Republican restoration, national prosperity and an administration distinctly American in policy."

Nobody will suffer with liver or kidney disease if they take Simmons Liver Regulator.

BOULELLE'S ROAST

Of Secretary Herbert's Letter Concerning the Appointment of Blount.

WASHINGTON, March 11.--Representative Blount, of Maine, to-night expressed his opinion on the reply of Secretary Herbert to Mr. Boutelle's resolution asking by what authority Mr. Blount was placed in charge of the naval forces at Honolulu.

Mr. Boutelle says the secretary's letter illustrates almost the seeming confusion of ideas as to the limitations of official power that has permeated the present administration. In asserting the President's constitutional prerogative as commander-in-chief of the army and navy, he appears to lose sight of the fact that such authority can be exercised only in accordance with law, and that the discretionary power vested in the commander-in-chief can no more be delegated to an authorized person than can the power of the President to approve bills or to veto legislation.

"It is amusing," continued Mr. Boutelle, "to note that this administration is driven to find the only semblance of precedent for its action in some orders issued during the famous San Domingo episode by that secretary of the navy who has been the subject of Democratic denunciation. Secretary Herbert invokes for his support the letter of Secretary Robinson in 1869 to Captain Barch of the U. S. S. Albany directing him to receive on board the three envoys sent by the President to San Domingo, informing him that Gen. Fabre would have certain orders from the President and with an evident looseness of phraseology instructed the captain to 'conform to all his wishes and orders and to convey to such points as he desires to visit.'"

"While the wording of the letter was liable to a broader construction, the whole context and circumstances show that the intent was to cause the movements of the ship as a conveyance to be determined by the wishes of the commissioners and there was no suggestion of placing the armed forces of the navy under the orders of a civilian for any military purpose as in the Blount case."

Mr. Boutelle declares the secretary's letter entirely fails to justify an act that he must know was in flagrant violation of the law in open contempt of the explicit terms of naval regulations, and destructive of the fundamental principles upon which the maintenance of good order and military discipline must depend.

DISEASED CATTLE

Being Sent Outside of the State of New York to Other Sections of the Country.

NEW YORK, March 11.--Stock raisers of New York state are aroused on the subject of the existence of tuberculosis among cattle, and it is proposed to call upon the bureau of animal industry at Washington to close quarantine all New York state cattle pending a thorough investigation. At a meeting of breeders in this city it was claimed that the New York state board of health have been killing a large number of cattle suffering from this disease in an effort to suppress it, but that owing to the lack of legislative appropriation has been obliged to relax its efforts in that direction.

The action thus taken by the board has only gone far enough to arouse and excite cattle raisers who are now making every effort to dispose of their cattle outside of the state of New York, thus avoiding a quarantine by the state board of health. It is alleged that such action on the part of the stock raisers is spreading this disease broadcast throughout the country. It was also stated that many thoroughbred cattle have been sent to distant parts of this country since the local quarantine by the board of health has been begun.

It is learned from trustworthy sources that the British government are investigating through special agents the existence of tuberculosis in this state, and that it is not unlikely that the British government will close their ports against the importation of American cattle because of the prevalence here of this disease. Cattle breeders at their meeting claimed that such action on the part of the British government would be entirely unwarranted and a great injustice to the live stock interests of this country, outside of the state of New York, as the exportation of thoroughbred cattle is carried on to a considerable extent.

BIG RAILWAY DEAL

The Norfolk and Western Trying to Acquire the Ohio Southern.

COLUMBUS, O., March 11.--It has developed that the Norfolk and Western is negotiating for the Ohio Southern. Some time ago President Saul, of the Ohio Southern, sprung a scheme to build a road parallel to the Norfolk and Western from Waverly to Portsmouth, and a bill was introduced into the legislature to give the right of way along the Berne bank of the canal for the proposed road. This stirred up the Norfolk and Western Company, and last week a party of officials of that road inspected the Ohio Southern, and President Saul accompanied them to Philadelphia.

If the Norfolk and Western is forced to acquire the Ohio Southern it will probably take in the Cleveland, Akron and Columbus, which is under the same management. The Ohio Southern runs from the Jackson, O., coal fields to Lima, and would give the Norfolk and Western a short line to Chicago. The Cleveland, Akron and Columbus would give it an outlet to the lakes, which has been much desired.

BRIEFS FROM THE WIRES.

Ohio cigar makers have entered a protest against convict-made cigars.

Many foreigners are arriving in Hawaii, and it is suspected that they are there in the interests of the deposed queen.

Judge George W. Stone, chief justice of the Georgia supreme court, died yesterday morning of disease incident to old age and heart failure.

The German government and press advise Germans not to emigrate to America, as times are hard here and the Wilson bill is expected to benefit Europe.

In a conference with New York business men last Saturday Senator Hill expressed his aversion for the Wilson bill. He said he is opposed to the income tax and is in favor of a tariff high enough to enable American manufacturers to compete with foreigners as far as the difference in wages is concerned.

MARY ELLEN'S ADVICE.

Mrs. Lease Talks to the Unemployed Workmen of Boston.

BOSTON, March 11.--In Mrs. Mary Ellen Lease the 1,500 people who attended the meeting of the unemployed on the common had a speaker after their own hearts. In her speech she scored her hearers heavily, and said that they had brought all their troubles on themselves by voting year after year for the dukes in top hats and kid gloves who had no interest in their welfare, and that when they came to know the value of the ballot and used it to send men of their own kind to the legislatures, then the working people would not be snubbed, but their appeals would receive immediate attention. She advocated women's suffrage, but thanked God women had not voted for the past twenty-five years, because if they had the men would turn around and say that the present condition of affairs was owing to those confounded women interfering in politics. She told the unemployed if they would only stay at home and mind the babies the women would soon find a road out of this terrible business depression.

A. P. A. DENOUNCED.

A Presbyterian Clergyman Who is Not in Sympathy With the Anti-Catholic Order.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 11.--In his sermon this morning the Rev. Dr. H. H. Stebbins, pastor of the Central Presbyterian church, said:

"I do not believe in denouncing the church of Christ and hope that no one within hearing of my voice is in sympathy with the A. P. A. It must be remembered that the Romish church is a Christian church, and that she has contributed very much to the literature and life of the church. There is room for the improvement of that church, as for every other church.

"God bless every bishop and priest of the Roman Catholic church and make the church pure, true and a power for righteousness on earth. I pray that God may hasten the time when there shall be one church of God, one Bible, one creed, holiness to God, and the gospel to every creature as its errand."

A SOUTHERN PRISON.

Important Recommendation by a United States Grand Jury.

MACON, GA., March 11.--In their presentments to the United States court the grand jury have made an important recommendation. It was that there should be a government prison in the southern states. They recommend the government property near Augusta, Ga., as a suitable site. All government prisoners have now to be carried to Columbus, Ohio. The grand jury thought that men taken from the south suffered from the severity of the climate, citing instances of the suffering of many prisoners sent there.

K. OF L. SECESSION.

Rumor of a Big Break Away From the Organization.

CINCINNATI, O., March 11.--A rumor prevails here in Knights of Labor circles and has been semi-officially corroborated, that in Quebec, Montreal and parts of Ontario, Canada, ten thousand Knights of Labor will secede from the order because of dissatisfaction with Grand master Sovereign and start an independent branch of the Knights of Labor.

In Memory of George W. Childs.

NEW YORK, March 11.--Memorial services in honor of the memory of George W. Childs, late proprietor of the Public Ledger, in Philadelphia, were held in the Fifth Avenue theatre this afternoon. The services were held under the auspices of Typographical Union No. 6, and were of a very impressive character. Prominent newspaper men from this and other cities occupied boxes, and long before the hour for beginning, every available seat in the theatre was taken.

A Great Wind Storm.

SHEBOYGAN, WIS., March 11.--A wind storm of phenomenal severity swept over this city last night doing a large amount of damage to property. The gale reached a velocity of 75 miles an hour and was the most terrible ever known in this section of the country. The wind was accompanied at intervals with rain or snow. Sheboygan seems to have been the centre of the storm, as the wind was not seriously felt in other portions of this country.

Pictures Blessed.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., March 11.--A set of fourteen paintings, copied by Aristide Dies, of Rome, from "The Stations of the Cross," by Overbeck in the Vatican Chapel, were blessed by Mgr. Sattoli, the apostolic delegate, in St. Peter's church here to-day. The pope's legate conducted the service, blessing the pictures according to the strict Roman ritual.

A Question of Veracity.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 11.--Attorney H. L. Kowalsky denies that he ever told the police that M. B. Curtis had confessed to him that he had murdered Policeman Grant. Chief Crowley and Detective Lees assert on the contrary that Kowalsky did tell them of Curtis's confession, and the question now is one of veracity between the men.

Hibernians Protest.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., March 11.--At a meeting of the Ancient Order of Hibernians resolutions were adopted protesting against the action of Mayor Schieren, in refusing to allow the Irish flag to float on City Hall on St. Patrick's Day.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise. A purer medicine does not exist, and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood. Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers. For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters. Entire satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Price 50 cents and \$1 per bottle, at Logan Drug Co.'s Drug Store, 5

REPORT CONFIRMED

Concerning the Landing of British Troops at Bluefields.

THE NATIVES ASKED PROTECTION

OF the English Admiral From a Threatened Attack By the Nicaraguans, and Three Boat Loads of Marines With Gatling Guns Were Sent Ashore--No Fighting at Last. Accounts, and the Mosquitos Have Recovered From Their Scare--Instructions From the Government Asked For.

SAVANNAH, GA., March 11.--The report of the landing of the British at Bluefields, in the Mosquito reservation, was confirmed by the arrival of the steamer, Elliot, Capt. A. Brown.

The Elliot, which is a British steamer, left Bluefields Sunday morning, March 4. She arrived there February 27, just one day too late to witness the arrival of the Nicaraguans. Captain Brown says the Nicaraguans entered Bluefields on February 26 and 27. He did not know the exact numerical strength, but there was a force of 400 or 500 of them at Bluefields when he arrived.

They brought no cannon with them. They simply entered under arms and without any resistance on the part of the natives; they hoisted the Nicaraguan flag over the custom house and over the other public buildings. The flags remained up during the time the Elliot was in port. There was no fighting. The Mosquitos were considerably terrified by the presence of so large an armed force as they were practically without protection in the city. Captain Brown says the reports that reached this country with regard to the name of the British warship there are in error. It is not the Cleopatra, he said, but the Tamar.

The Mosquitos, he states, fearing they might be attacked by the Nicaraguans, appealed to the Tamar for protection. Thursday, March 1, the Tamar, without any authority from the British government, as they had not time to get any such authority, sent three boat loads of armed men ashore. Captain Brown did not know the exact number of men, but between fifty and one hundred landed. They were armed with carbines and cutlasses. The men went ashore in the steam launch of the man-of-war, and carried with them two Gatling guns and three field pieces. The British forces did not land at Bluefields, but at Bluefield Bluff, about four or five miles northwest of the city. There was some understanding between the Mosquitos chief and the officer in charge of the Tamar the chief asking that the men be landed for the safety and protection of his people. The British soldiers went into Bluefields from the bluff. They could not go by land, but had to use the steam launch, in which they carried one of the Gatling guns. There was no fight of any kind between March 1, the day the men landed, and March 4, the day the Elliot sailed. There was little excitement among the people. The Mosquitos were frightened when the Nicaraguans first entered, but after the landing of the British troops all excitement subsided and the people seemed willing to rest easy and let things go as they were until the trouble with the Indians and Nicaraguans is settled.

The Nicaraguans, of course, objected to the landing of the British troops and charged the British officers with an open violation of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty. Little attention was paid to this by the British. The Nicaraguans wanted them to stick to the terms of the treaty. The Tamar sailed from Bluefields Thursday night for Colon for the purpose of calling to England for advice. In the meantime the troops were left in camp at Bluefields Bluff. The Tamar returned to Bluefields late Saturday night.

Captain Brown did not learn the result of the correspondence with the English department of foreign affairs, as he was five or six miles away from Bluefields and did not land there again before leaving Sunday morning, when the soldiers were still in camp at the bluff.

Passed the Kearsarge Wreck.

SAVANNAH, GA., March 11.--The steamer Elliot, which arrived here today from Bluefields, passed the wreck of the United States corvette Kearsarge on Roncador reef last Tuesday morning. She went within about five miles of the Kearsarge, affording an opportunity for a good view of the hull. The captain of the Elliot says there is nothing left but the hull. The decks have been swept clean. The smoke stack, masts and everything above board were gone. The hull is in a very dangerous place, but so far as it is to be seen it shows no signs of going to pieces.

THE DISABLED STEAMER.

The Long Overdue Briscoe Wrecked On the New Foundland Coast.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., March 11.--The steamer Briscoe, which left Hamburg on December 9, carrying a cargo of manure salt, lies in a desperate strait sixty miles south of Cape Race. Late this afternoon a life boat containing five men arrived at the Cape Race signal station and brought news of the disabled and long-overdue steamer. The men were nearly exhausted from cold.

The men report all the upper works of the Briscoe badly smashed and everything about the decks that would float was washed overboard.

The bow was crushed in by the ice but owing to the compartments and bulkheads standing up, the vessel still managed to float.

The Briscoe was sighted March 2 by the British steamer Ulunda from Halifax for London, which tried to tow the disabled vessel to port, but the lines parted on the second day, and the attempt was abandoned, after the Briscoe had been towed 120 miles.

German Steamer Sunk.

AMSTERDAM, March 11.--The German steamer Lining, bound from Dantzic to this port, has been sunk in collision with the steamer Lincoln. Three of the crew of the Lining went down with her.

FAILURE OF S. P. FERGUS.

The Well-Known Washington Oil Magnate Makes an Assignment.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 11.--A furore in financial circles was created here yesterday by the assignment of ex-County Treasurer Samuel P. Fergus, whose connection with the oil business has made him well known all over the state. Mr. Fergus was treasurer of this county from 1885 to 1888. He went into the oil business in 1880, when the Charters Oil Company developed a good well on a tract owned by him. Out of the royalty he got enough to drill on sixteen acres he had reserved in the lease. His first venture was the famous Fergus No. 1, which for a while produced 2,000 barrels a day. Other successful wells were brought in, and in a short time Fergus was estimated to be worth several hundred thousand dollars. He built the finest private residence ever erected in Washington county, at a cost of more than \$50,000.

He then began a series of wildcat ventures throughout the county that were immensely unprofitable. The money he had made when "the cards were coming his way" went to pay for these hazardous experiments. The assignment is the sequel. Adam Weir is named assignee.

A BRUTAL ASSASSIN.

Wash Collins Adds Another Crime to His Long List.

WESTON, W. VA., March 11.--A farmer named Cool was deliberately assassinated while riding along Holly river, near Diana, Webster county, Friday, by ex-convict "Wash" Collins, who laid in wait for his victim, into whom he fired both loads of a double-barreled shotgun, and then rifled the body. Farmers working in the vicinity heard the shots, and captured Collins and took him to jail at Addison. He served a term of five years at Moundsville for highway robbery, although he only obtained fifty cents from his victim. He made an attempt to murder Candace on Ganley last summer, for which warrants were out for him. He was drunk and did not know Cool, but simply started out to kill the first man he met.

RECEIVED BY THE KING.

Ambassador MacVeagh Formally Presented to the Italian King.

ROME, March 11.--The Hon. Wayne MacVeagh, United States ambassador to Italy, was given an audience at 2 o'clock this afternoon by King Humbert.

Commander Carafa, master of ceremonies, proceeded to the Grand hotel, at which Mr. MacVeagh is stopping for the purpose of escorting the ambassador and the other members of the embassy to the Quirinal. Arrived at the Quirinal, the party were received at the foot of the main staircase by Commander Simon Peruzia, who conducted them to the royal apartments. Here Count Giannotti, chief master of ceremonies, conducted the party to the throne room where Mr. MacVeagh was presented to his majesty. After a most cordial private conversation with the king, Mr. MacVeagh introduced the members of the embassy who accompanied him.

In conformity with the Italian court etiquette, no speeches were delivered. Mr. MacVeagh and his party returned to the Grand hotel in the state carriages. Every ceremony due the high rank of the American ambassador was paid to him.

The Queen's Speech.

LONDON, March 12.--The Times to-day commenting upon the opening of parliament says that the probable course of the debate on the address in reply to the Queen's speech will be that the Unionist leaders in both houses will press the government to make a definite statement of their intentions in regard to home rule.

The Times further says that a rumor was current last night to the effect that the original draft of the Queen's speech contained a paragraph dealing with home rule, but that this was stricken out at the last moment.

British Column Safe.

CAIRO, March 11.--The anxiety felt regarding the safety of the British column under the command of Capt. Maxwell which is operating in Assan against the Abor tribesmen has been dispelled by the receipt of news of the safety of the expedition. Advances received here to-day from the expedition show that everything had gone well with the troops up to the eighth instant. The column had attacked and destroyed the Abors stronghold. The Abors made a strong defence before they retreated and a number of them were killed.

Socialist Demonstration.

VIENNA, March 11.--Fifty thousand socialists of this city and towns in the immediate vicinity formed in procession to-day and marched to the Central cemetery where wreaths were placed on the obelisk erected to the memory of those who were killed during the disturbance of March, 1848. Immense crowds witnessed the procession. The proceedings throughout were orderly.

Distinguished Southerner Dead.

ATLANTA, GA., March 11.--John Shelton Davidson, for twelve years Master Mason of Georgia, ex-President of the Georgia senate, city attorney of Augusta and president of the county board of education and one of the most prominent men in the state, died suddenly this morning of heart failure.

A Banquet to Gen. Harrison.

SAN FRANCISCO, CALA., March 11.--Ex-President Harrison was given a banquet at the Palace hotel last night by the trustees of Leland Stanford University. Only a few guests were invited, the participants numbering in all twenty-four.

Weather Forecast for To-day.

For West Virginia, Western Pennsylvania and Ohio, generally fair; west winds. THE TEMPERATURE SATURDAY, as furnished by C. S. SHEPHERD, druggist, corner Market and Fourteenth streets.

7 a. m.	28	7 p. m.	65
9 a. m.	38	9 p. m.	63
11 a. m.	60	11 p. m.	63

SUNDAY.

7 a. m.	63	7 p. m.	63
9 a. m.	62	9 p. m.	65
11 a. m.	65	11 p. m.	65

Weather--Fair.

THE WEEK IN CONGRESS

Will Not Be One of Very Extraordinary Interest.

THE HOUSE APPROPRIATION BILLS

Will Occupy the Attention of That Body--In the Senate the Seigniorage Bill Will Be the Chief Object of Interest, and a Vote Will Be Taken on It on Thursday--Its Friends Believe It Will Pass, and Not Many Speeches Will Be Made.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 11.--Appropriation bills will continue to have the right of way in the house this week. The sundry civil bill which will be the unfinished business when the house meets to-morrow, carries \$32,506,362; \$9,409,928 less than that of last year. It will probably require four days to dispose of this bill; the two items that will provoke the most opposition being the appropriations for geological and the coast geodetic survey. After the sundry civil bill is disposed of, either the military or consular and diplomatic appropriation bill, will consume the balance of the week.

The members of the election committee are very anxious to interrupt the consideration of the appropriation bills with the contested election cases. But the managers believe that the Republicans will demand a quorum of Democrats to unseat a Republican, and as many members are out of the city this might block progress in the house for a week. It has been deemed best, therefore, to push appropriation bills upon which there is no political division through as rapidly as possible and allow the struggle over partisan matters to trail along afterwards.

IN THE SENATE.

In accordance with the agreement entered into Friday the senate will devote the major portion of this week to the consideration of the Bland seigniorage bill which is to be finally disposed of by vote at 2 o'clock Thursday, if Senator Allison's motion to reconsider should fail of adoption, as it most likely will.

The agreement for the consideration of the seigniorage bill does not preclude the routine work of the senate, which is confined to the time before 2 o'clock in the day, and it is probable that many of the bills on the calendar, upon which no division of sentiment is probable, will be taken up and passed during this time, and also, after the seigniorage bill is disposed of on Thursday and the remaining days of the week, if the senate should not adjourn over. There are no announced speeches on the seigniorage bill. It is probable that there will be very little talk on the part of the friends of the bill, as they feel confident of its passage.

PLUCKY WALTER WELLMAN.

His Newspaper Associates Present Him With a Flag to Nail to the North Pole.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 11.--Mr. Walter Wellman, the Washington correspondent who has organized an expedition at his own expense to solve the polar problem, leaves this city to-morrow for New York, from whence he and his companions sail on Wednesday for Europe. Mr. Wellman bade most of his newspaper friends adieu this afternoon at a special meeting of the National Capitol Press Club, called to express the esteem and good will of the club for the enterprising Mr. Wellman showed while he had, until recently, held the office of president of that organization.

In the name of the club Mr. Wellman was presented with a handsome silk flag of the United States, which the club desired he should nail to the top of the North Pole or plant in the hole discovered. Mr. Wellman in a gracious speech accepted the burden placed upon him, and said the flag should be planted at the highest northern point the expedition reached.

Steamship News.

New York, March 11.--Arrived--La Champagne, Havre.
Queenstown, March 11.--Arrived--Aurania, New York.

SIGHTS AND SCENES OF THE WORLD.

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